



GETTING SELF-SERVICE RIGHT *Masterclass*

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Coverage

- 1 Scene setting (and flipcharting)
- 2 Common issues plus avoidance tips
- 3 Potential post-success issues and what to do
- 4 Key takeaways



Group questions

HOW MANY OF YOU (YOUR COMPANIES):

1 Already **have** a self-service capability?

2 Are **happy** with it?

3 Think that they can **improve**?

4 **Plan** to offer self-service?

5 Think it will be a **success**?

Why do companies
want
self-service?



Promised self-service benefits include:

1. Cost savings*
2. Improved availability and efficiency (for IT and end users)
3. Easing service desk workloads
4. Better prioritisation of issues and requests (vs. the FCR “free-for-all”)
5. Increased end-user productivity
6. Improved perception of IT
7. **Delivering an improved “customer experience”**

What are the biggest
barriers to
self-service
success?



People change & CONSUMERISATI ON!

Many have failed to understand
that **consumerisation** isn't
just about devices, apps,
and personal cloud services



In 2007 employees wanted...
enterprise-grade technology

In 2017 they want...
consumer-like services

“Increased employee expectations of corporate services based on their personal-life experiences”

The two sides of self-service adoption

HIGH adoption
(investment in technology)

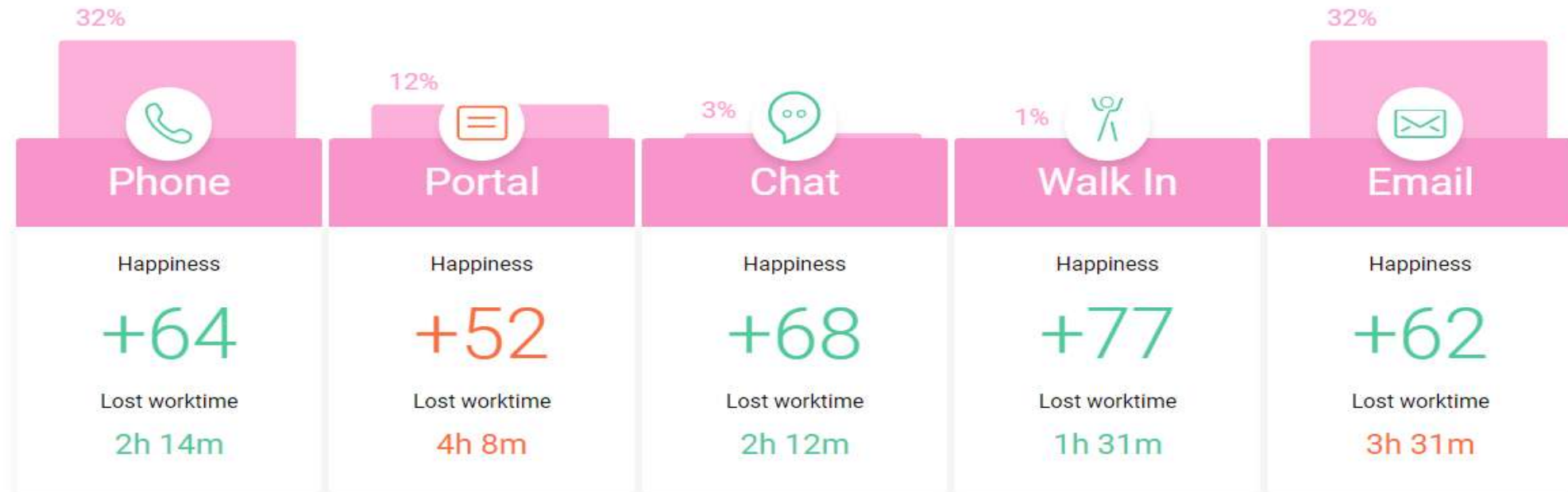
LOW adoption
(usage by employees)



Happiness with self-service

Channels - It matters how people start their process.

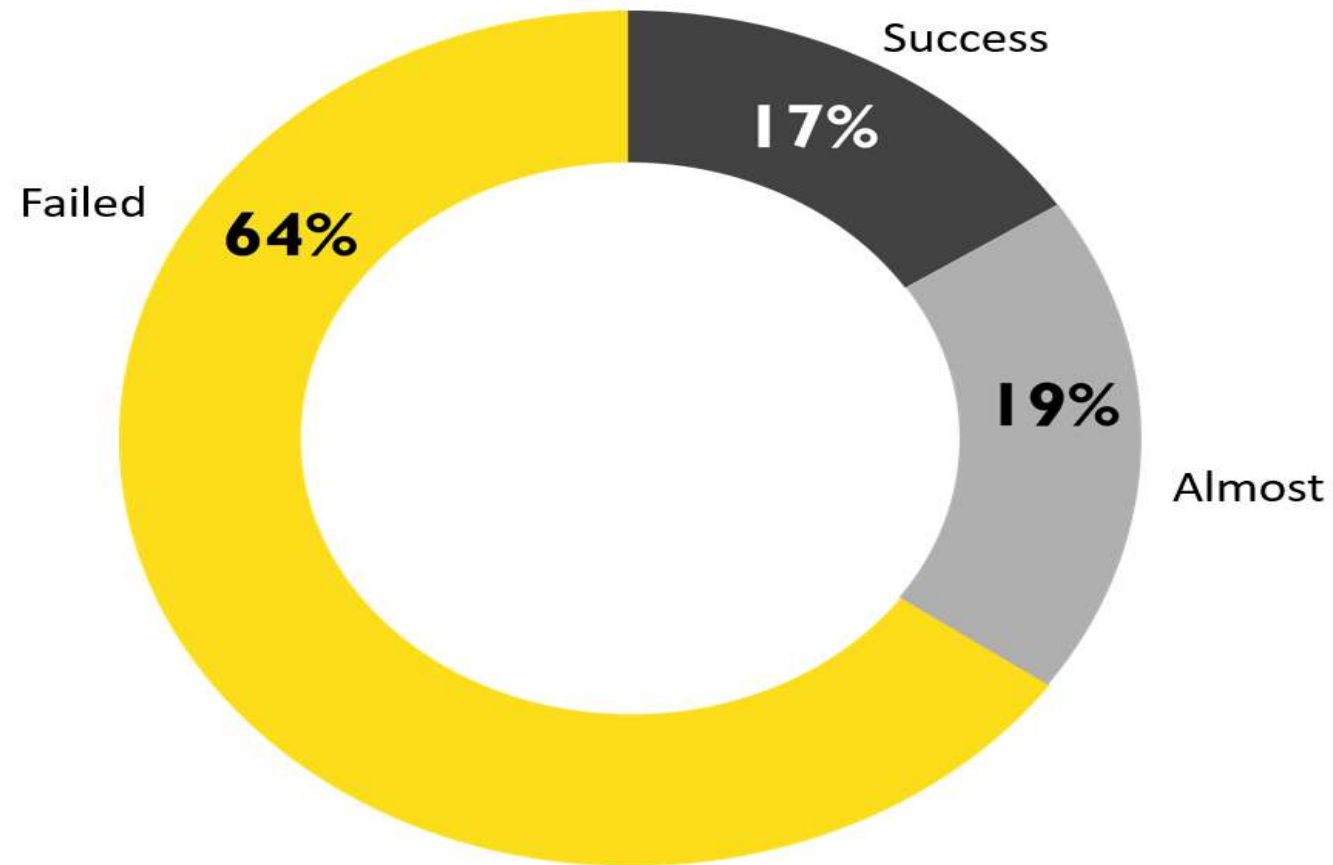
2017 still seems quite traditional when looking at the channel distribution.



Self-service benefits
increase the more
self-service is used.

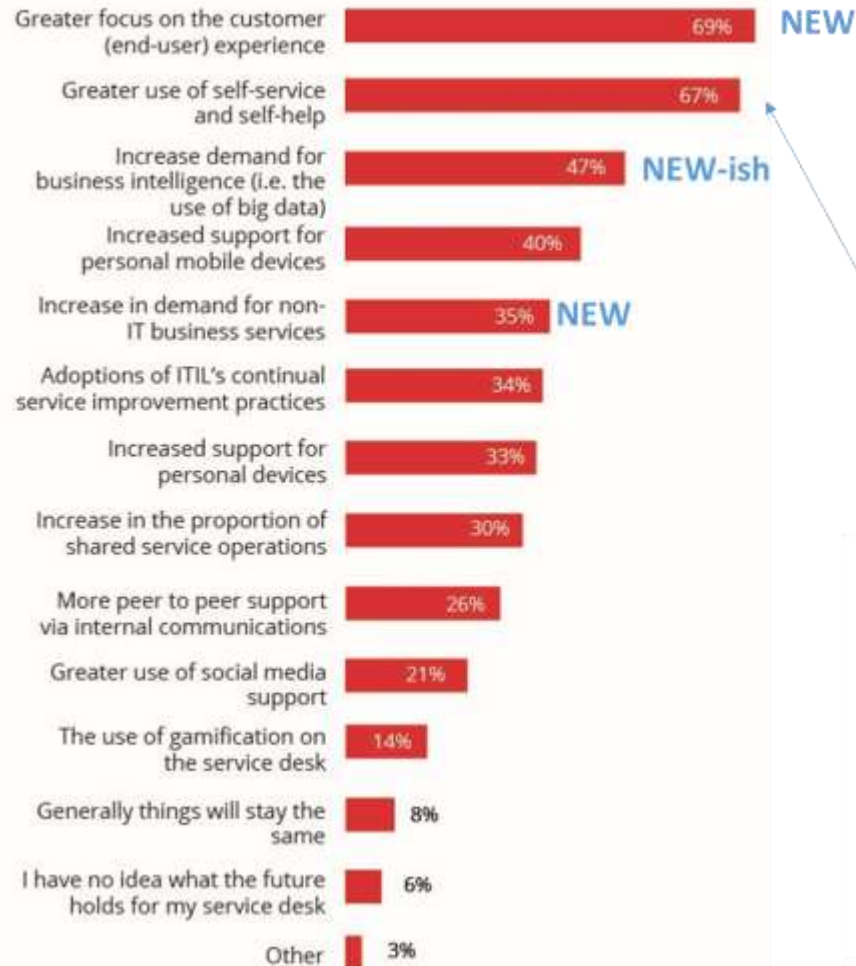
~ **10%** adoption won't deliver
the expected benefits

How successful has self-service been?



During 2016, which of the following do you expect to see?

2015 Responses

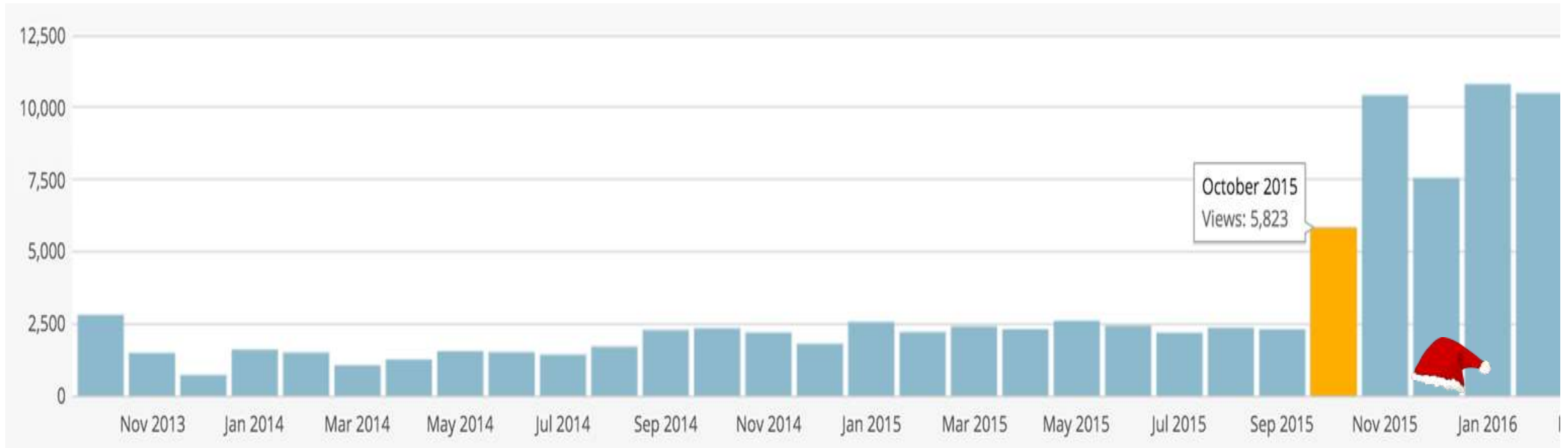


2012 Responses

Rank	Response
1	Provide support/more support for mobile devices (BYOD)
2	More use of self-service
3	An increase in business service provision
4	Increased demand for business metrics and reporting
5	Service desks using social media more
6	Use more self-help
7	No big changes/things will stay the same

Source: SDI, "Life on the Service Desk"

But self-service success is possible



Source:
Freshservice

What are the biggest
barriers to
self-service
success (again)?





So many barriers to self-service success

1. Not learning from the mistakes of failed self-service initiatives
2. The self-service initiative is treated as a technology, rather than a business, project
3. A lack of end user involvement



So many barriers to self-service success

- 4. The purpose, scope, and desired outcomes of self-service are misjudged
- 5. Insufficient planning for day-to-day operations, especially knowledge management
- 6. Not addressing people-change issues

So many barriers to self-service success

- 7. Self-service is viewed solely as a cost-saving replacement for telephone access
- 8. Insufficient use of automation
- 9. Launch “apathy”
- 10. A one-off attempt to encourage adoption

We need to flip these
barriers into opportunities to
improve the chances of
self-service success

1. Behavioral change is needed





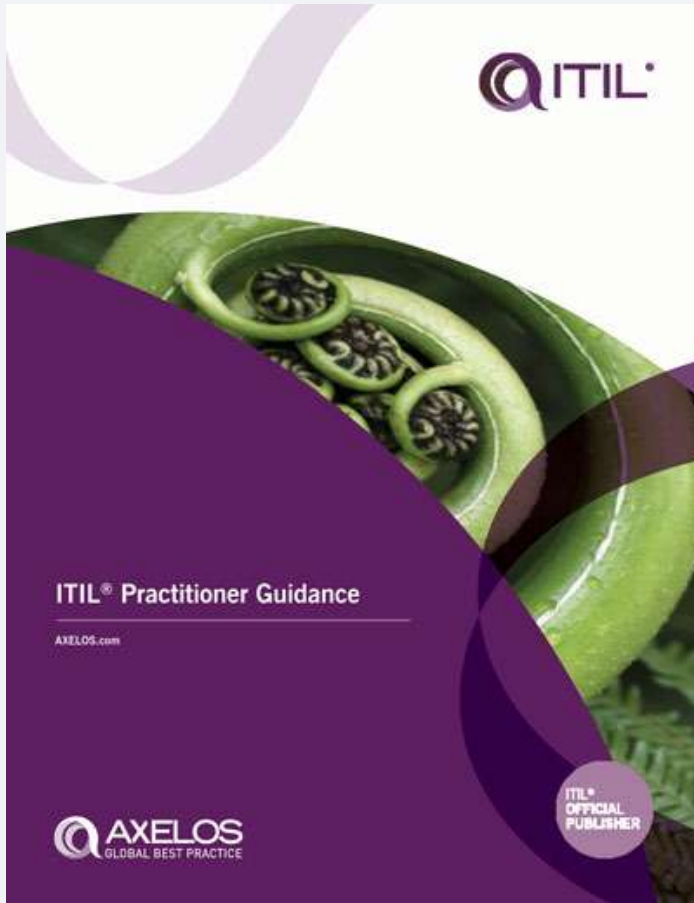
Managing people change

organizational change management (OCM)

Organizational change management (OCM) is a framework for managing the effect of new business processes, changes in organizational structure or cultural changes within an enterprise. Simply put, OCM addresses the people side of [change management](#).

<http://searchcio.techtarget.com/definition/organizational-change-management-OCM>

Read up and seek expert help



- Address potential people-change issues, and the associated likelihood of resistance, early
- Start with the “what’s in it for me” and demonstrate the value of self-service over existing channels
- End users need to know why things have changed (the business benefits), how the change will help them (the personal benefits), and what they need to do to benefit from self-service
- **BAD ASSUMPTION:** that because employees are happy to use self-service in their personal lives, the same is true at work

2. Invest in better knowledge



Knowledge management tips

1. Think of knowledge management as a capability not a process
2. Realise that knowledge management is about people and engendering the right behaviours
3. Recognise that the link between people and what they know is very complicated



People and what they know

- “Knowledge is volunteered, never conscripted”
- “We only know what we know when we need to know it”
- “We know more than we can say, we say more than we can write down”
- “The way we know things is not the way we say we know them”



Knowledge management tips

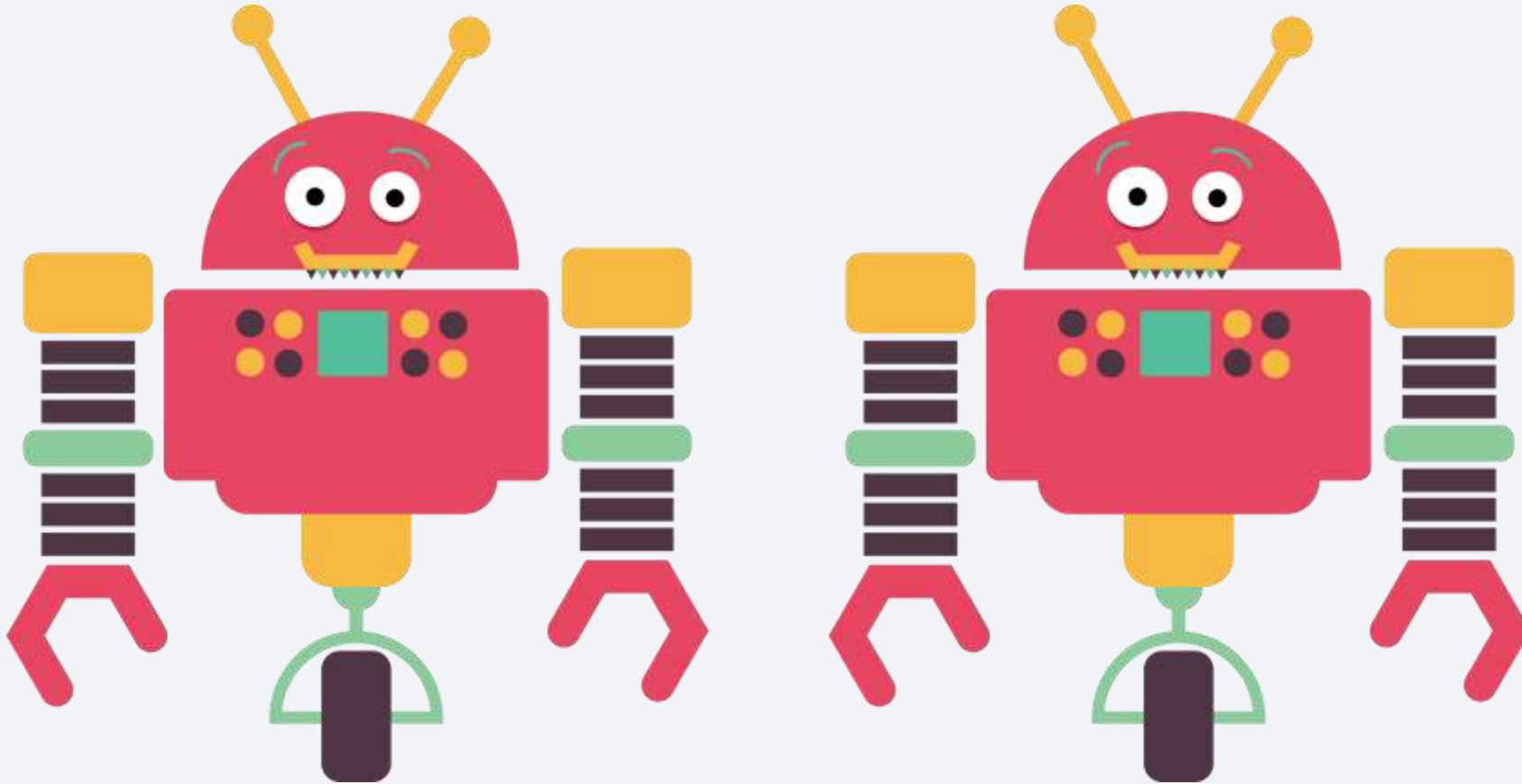
4. Make knowledge management a business-as-usual activity and be sure to motivate people
5. Ensure that you have the right technology breadth to support the people and processes
6. Look beyond traditional ITSM-tool knowledge management capabilities



Knowledge management tips

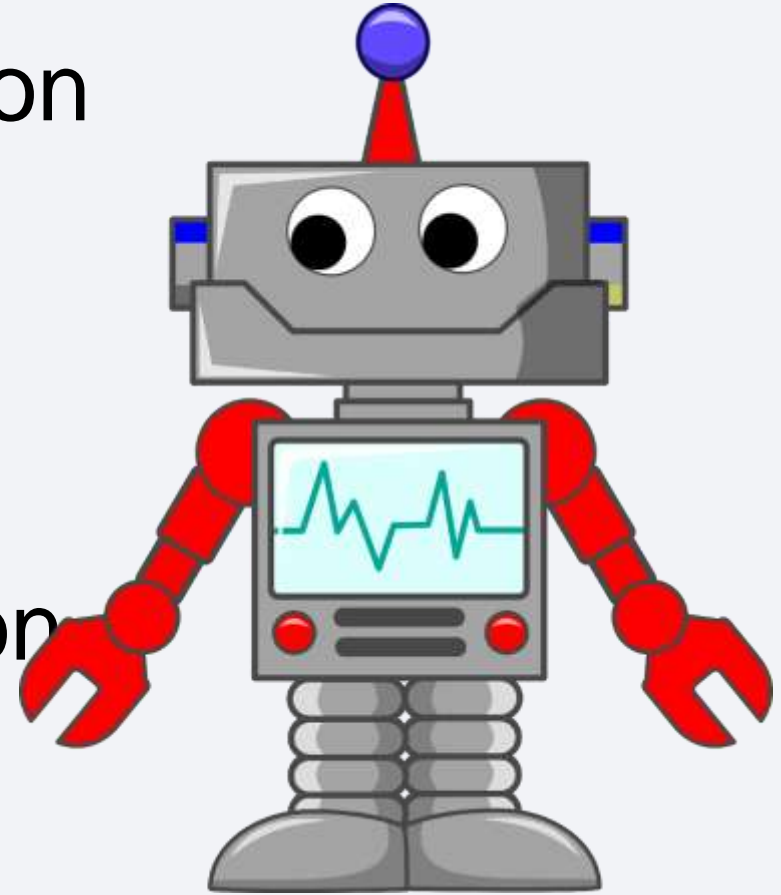
7. Consider employing a trusted knowledge management methodology, e.g. KCS
8. Look at using the Level Zero Solvable (LZS) technique for self-service/self-help
<https://www.thinkhdi.com/~media/HDICorp/Files/Library-Archive/Insider%20Articles/WhatIsLZS.pdf>
9. Look to leverage machine learning...

3. Exploit automation



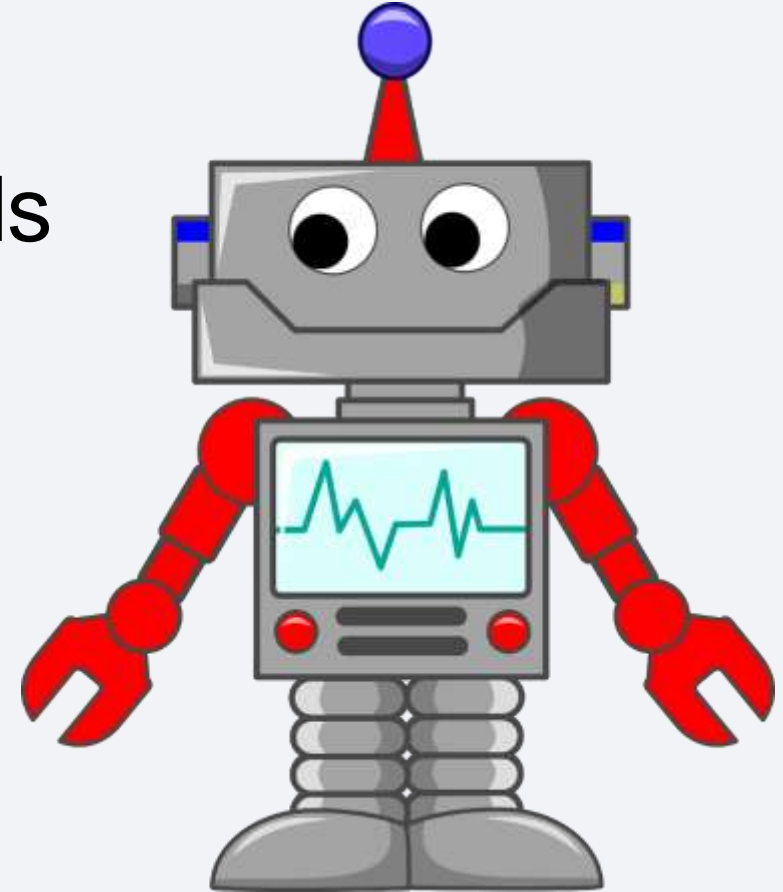
Automation benefits

1. Increased speed of execution
2. Improved customer experience
3. Cost reductions
4. Reduced human intervention
5. Reduced “human error”
6. Increased task adaptability



Simple self-service automation

1. Password reset
2. Approved software downloads
3. Standard changes
4. Pre-approved third-party purchases
5. Auto-set-up, e.g. email
6. Cloud provisioning





Improving self-help

WITH MACHINE LEARNING

- 1. Improved search capabilities** – “intelligent search”
- 2. Providing recommendations** – such as end users already get with Amazon and Netflix in their personal lives
- 3. Intelligent autoresponders** – tickets are actioned and closed by the technology without human involvement
- 4. Identifying and filling knowledge gaps** – the identification of knowledge-article gaps or the conversion of documented ticket resolutions into knowledge



AXELOS 2030 survey

- ✓ **Automation** - 89% think that an increase in automation will take over the repetitive tasks of IT, ... more time for service managers to focus on delivering more value
- ✓ **AI/machine learning** - 77% said they believed these trends would have a profound impact on the IT workforce, liberating ITSM professionals from routine tasks

Source: AXELOS, "The IT Service Management Professional i

Plan for the adverse impact of success



What happens
when your company
gets good at
self-service?



The downside of self-service success

1. Changes to the incident and service request profile mixes
2. Service desk agents will be a premium resource and harder to recruit/retain

The downside of self-service success

- 3. Metrics and targets will become skewed
- 4. Will business operations be adversely impacted by “failed” self-help?

The downside of self-service success

- 5. Will self-service success lower business perceptions of IT?
- 6. Will customer relationships be strained or even lost?

Key takeaways

1

Self-service is about offering new capabilities more than it is implementing new technology

2

There are many barriers to self-service success; so be prepared to research, consider, address, and traverse them

3

Don't underestimate the power and threat of consumerisation (and now CX)

4

Automation and KM are key to upping self-service use and then reaping the potential benefits

5

Plan for the adverse impact of self-service success



THANK YOU

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